

basic education

Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

IGREYIDI 12

ISINDEBELE ILIMI LEKHAYA (HL)

IPHEPHA LOKUTHOMA (P1)

NOVEMBA 2012

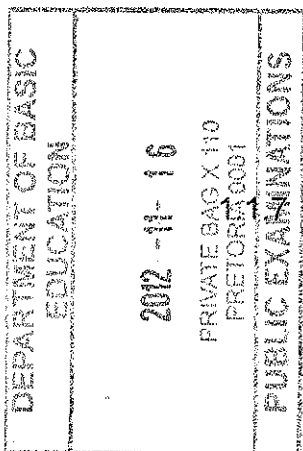
IMEMORANDAMU

IMITLOMELO: 70

Imemorandamu le inamakhasi ali-7.

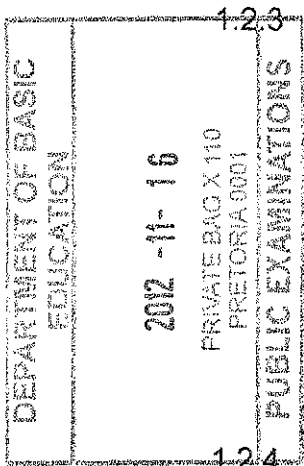
ISIGABA A: UKUFUNDA NOKUZWISISA**UMBUZO 1**

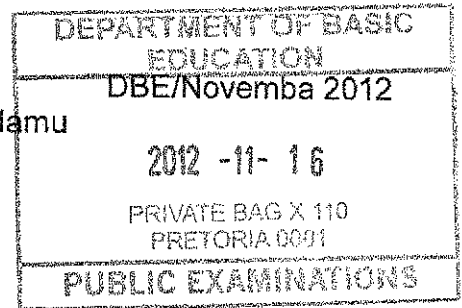
- 1.1 1.1.1 Lenziwa qobe ngemva kweminyaka emihlanu ngebanga lokobana iindleko zokuhlola izakhamuzi zenarha ngokukhambela eendaweni ezihlala kizo ziyabiza. (2)
- 1.1.2 Lenziwa ngokobana kukhanjelwe umuzi nomuzi bese kubalwa inani lamalunga womndeni loyo. (2)
- 1.1.3 Kungombana ababali bekungasibo beBlouberg/ Kungombana bebabalwa babantu abangahlali eBlouberg. (1)
- 1.1.4 Umbuso ukwazi ukuhlela kuhle ngemva kwe*Census*. (Nanyana ngiyiphi ipendulo ephathelene neensetjenziswa nofana nephuzu lokulethwa kweensetjenziswa zombuso izakuthathwa) (1)
- 1.1.5 - Kubangelwe kukobana abanye abantu abazizakhamuzi zenarha le azange babalwe ngombana bathi nababona ababali bazivalela ngeendlini.
 - Kubangelwe kukobana kubalwe kwaphela abantu abazizakhamuzi zenarha nalabo abasenarheni le ngokomthetho.
 - Abantu abasenarheni le ngokungekho emthethweni, be bathi nababona ababali babaleke ngombana bacabanga bona bazakubuyiselwa eenarheni zemakhabo.
 - Kubangelwe kukobana abanye nababona ababali batjhaphulula izinja.
 (Nanyana ngiyiphi ipendulo EYODWA kezingehla) (2)
- 1.1.6 -Urhulumende unqophe ukuba nelwazi lokobana mangaki begodu ngiwaphi amathuba wemisebenzi angayivula ukwenzela bona woke umuntu athole umsebenzi.
 -Ngimaphi amathuba/Ngiwaphi amathuba > umfundi akanikelwe amaphuzu apheleleko nakaveze kunye kokubilokhu/Urhulumende unqophe ukulungiselela amathuba wemisebenzi.
 (Nanyana ngiyiphi ipendulo enembako) (2)
- **Ngehlangothini lakarhulumende.** Urhulumende angeze azi bona endaweni ethileko kunabantu abangaki, ye-ke lokho kwenza bona angazi bona kufanele anikele ngeensetjenziswa ezingangani. (2)
- **Ngehlangothini labantu.** Bazokuthayelelwa ziinssetjenziswa ezinikelwa ngurhulumende ngombana uzokunikela ngokuya ngesibalo sabantu ababaliweko bese kufumaniseka bona inengi alikabalwa/ Bangacina banina amaphandle bese kuba nemiguruguru.
 (Umfundi angayibeka ngeyakhe indlela enembako) (2)



- 1.1.8 C/Kutloliswa kwabantu ababelethwako nabahlongakalako. (2)
- 1.1.9 -Basuke barhononele abantu ababalakwaba bona ngelinye ilanga bangabuya bazobebela ipahlabo yangendlini ngombana hlangana nemibuzo ebuzwako nakubalwako kubuzwa nokobana umuntu unepahla enjani ngendlini.
- Ngebanga lokwanda kobulelesi bethknoloji abantu sebayasaba ukunikela ngemininingwana yabo efana neenomboro zabomazisi, ukuthi urhola malini neminye nje imibuzo engenza bona ekugcineni umuntu azithole sele angungazimbi wokugetjengwa/Abantu bathi eminye imininingwana ebuzwako ngeyifihlo/ngefanele ifihlwe, nje-ke ayikafaneli yaziwe ngurhulumende.
(Nanyana ngiyiphi ipendulo enembako izakuthathwa) (2)
- 1.1.10 Bazembathela ukobana babonakale bona ziinsebenzi ze*Census* ukuze abantu bakwazi ukusebenzisana nabo bangabathathi njengeengebengu. (2)
- 1.2 1.2.1 Mnyaka we-2011. (1)
- 1.2.2 Ngeyenarha yeSewula Afrika. (1)
- Kunomebhe obonakala uneflarha yeSewula Afrika.
 - Kunamagama atlolwe ngesiNgisi athi, "*Statistics South Africa*".
 - Kunetshwayo lelizwelo/ Kunetshwayo elivela emalini yenarha yeSewula Afrika.
 - Kuneflarha yeSewula Afrika.
- (Umfundi angabala nanyana yini enetshwayo lelizwelo ukusekela ipendulwakhe) (1)
- 1.2.3 (a) **Akusilo Iqiniso.**
-Lihlelo elenziwa mbuso ngombana esithombeni kunamagama athi '*Statistics South Africa*.'
-Kubonakala itshwayo lombuso weSewula Afrika, okutjho khona bona lihlelo elilawulwa mbuso.
(Nanyana ngiyiphi ipendulo EYODWA kezingehla izakuthathwa) (2)
- (b) **Akusilo Iqiniso.**
Lihleli libala woke umuntu, osebenzako nongasebenziko, onomazisi nonganaye umazisi. (2)
- Abantu abasesithombeni babonakala banobudlelwano obuhle, bahleka kamnandi begodu babambene nangezandla okutjho khona bona bathabelene bebayamukelana nanyana bahlukene ngokobuhlanga. (2)

IMITLOMELO YESIGABA A: 30





ISIGABA B: UKURHUNYEZA

UMBUZO 2

Amaphuzu alandelako amithelela emimbi elethwa kusetjenziswa kwakafunjathwako.

1. Ufunjathwako ulimaza abantu abamsebenzisa ngokweqileko.
2. Uphendule abantu abamsebenzisa ngokweqileko amakhobonga, khulu khulu abantu abatjha.
3. Ukumsebenzisa ngokweqileko kubangela ukuhlubayela nokungalali ngokwaneleko.
4. Ubanga ukugandeleleka komkhumbulo nokudinwa kwengqondo.
5. Ukumsebenzisa butjhulweni kubangelana iinkolodo.
6. Ungenisa abantu eemvumelwaneni nabantu abangabaziko bese babathathela iimali zabo.
7. Uphadlha imizi ngokobana abalingani bakhulume amanga bathi baseendaweni ezithileko kanti abekho lapho.
8. Uyingozi ebhodulukweni ngombana ukulahlwa kwakhe nakangasasebenziko kusilaphaza ihlabathi.
9. Ubangelana ikankere yengqondo(yobuqopho) nawumsebenzisa ngokweqileko.

(Nanyana ngiyiphi imitjho ELIKHOMBA kwengehla izakuthathwa ngaphandle kokuqala ukuhleleka nofana indlela etloleke ngayo.)

Umhlahlandlela wesigaba sesirhunyezo.

Ufunjathwako uyingozi ebantwini abamsebenzisa ngokweqileko, khulu khulu abantu abatjha. Wenza ilutjha libe makhobonga wakhe ngombana ubenza bangasacabangi ezinye izinto. Ukumsebenzisa khulu kwenza bona umuntu ahlubayele angasalali ngokwaneleko. Udinisa ingqondo bewenze nokobana ugcine ugandeleleke ngokomkhumbulo. Ufunjathwako ufaka abantu eenkolodweni bewubathengise namatjhorensi abangawaziko nangeze abasebenzela. Indlela abanye abantu abamsebenzisa ngayo, ugcina abaphulele imizi ngombana basuke bakhohlise iinthandwa zabo ngokobana baleye amala bona baseendaweni ezithileko kanti basekwazini kwabo. Ukusebenzisa ufunjathwako ngokweqileko kubangelana ikankere yengqondo.

Inani lamagama asetjenzisiweko lima-70.

IMITLOMELO YESIGABA B: 10

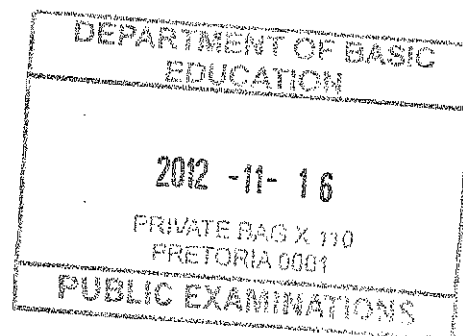
YELELA: Isirhunyezo kumele sitshwaywe ngalendlela:

- **Ukwabiwa kwemitlomo:**
 - 7 imitlomo emaphuzwini ali-7 (Umtlomo owo-1 kilelo nalelophuzu eliqakathekileko)
 - 3 imitlomo yelimi.
 - Inani loke: 10.
- **Ukwabiwa kwemitlomo yelimi lokha ohlolwako nakasebenzise amagamakhe.**
 - 1-3 yamaphuzu alungileko: nikela umtomo owo-1.
 - 4-5 yamaphuzu alungileko: nikela imitlomo emi-2.
 - 6-7 yamaphuzu alungileko: nikela imitlomo emi-3.

TJHEJA:

- **Isakhiwo:**
Isirhunyezo kumele sitshwaywe nanyana sethulwe ngesakhiwo okungasiso.
 - **Ukubalwa kwamagama:**
 - Abatshwayi kumele baqinisekise inani lamagama asetjenzisweko.
 - Ungaphunguli imitlomo nangabe ohlolwako khenge atjengise inani lamagama alisebenzisileko namkha nangabe inani atiole bona ulisebenzisile akusingilo.
 - Nangabe ubude obulindelweko budlulile, funda bewufike emagameni ama-5 bese awusarageli phambili nesirhunyezwe.
- linrhunyezo ezifitjhani kodwana zinawo wo ke amaphuzu aqakathekileko akukameli zijeziswe.

YELELA: linrhunyezo zamagama azingasetjenziswa kodwana nazingafunyanwa esirhunyezweni, zifuze zibalwe njengegama ezilijameleko.



ISIGABA C**UMBUZO 3****ISIKHANGISO**

- 3.1 - Amagama ekungiwo akhangisako atlolwe ngamagabhadlhela/ngamaledere amakhulu/Amagama athi, "Phondwelibovu" nalawa athi, "50%" atlolwe ngamaledere amakhulu nanzima khulu/
- Okukhangiswako/ikoloyi ibekwe phakathi kwendawo. (2)
- Imibandela itlolwe ngamaledere amancani. (2)
- 3.2 - Ube neminyaka ema- 25 kufika kwema-35. Libandlululo lobudala/leminyaka/lobukhulu.
- Siboleka abarhola ngaphezu kwama-R200.000 ngomnyaka. Libandlululo langokomrholo.
(Ipendulo EYODWA kezingehla) (2)
- 3.3 Ngibathume bona bayongithengela iinrhara ezimbili esitolo kodwana bangizela nayinye, baqinisile abadala nabathi imbila yatlhoga umsila ngokulayezela.
(Nanyana ngiwuphi umutjho okhombisa ilwazi lehlathululo yesagesi uzakuthathwa) (2)
- 3.4 Isaphulelo sama-50% usithola kwaphela nawuthenga-ikoloyi ekhangisiweko le ngemalimboleko. (2)
[10]

UMBUZO 4**IKHATHUNI**

- 4.1 - Uyathandaza.
- Ubawa isizo lokuphasa/lokuphumelela eemfundweni zakhe kuZimu.
(Ipendulo EYODWA kezingehla) (1)
- 4.2 Ukungafundi. (1)
- 4.3 Ehlobo, sibona indlela abembethe ngayo/abakambathi izembatho ezifuthumeleko/Kusekupheleni komnyaka, omunye nomunye umfundi ufuna ukuzibona adlulele egreyidini elifandelako. (2)
- 4.4 A/Ukuzithemba eemfundweni zakhe. (1)
- 4.5 - Usilingwa kubona umsana lo adlala ngomthandazo ukube akhange azitshwenye afunde.
- Usilingwa kukuthi umsana lo othandazako bekangafundi phakathi komnyaka, nje sekafuna bona uZimu amsize.
(Nanyana ngiyiphi ipendulo enembako izakuthathwa) (1)

- 4.6 Simumethe umqondo wokurabhela/wokuncenga/wokuthandaza uZimu. Wokubawa ukulitjalelwa nguZimu ezintweni ebekazenza/ngokungafundi (Nanyana ngiyiphi ipendulo ezwakalako) (2)
- 4.7 - Ungophe ukuthi kuphumelela ofundako.
- Kuphumelela umfundi obekaqalane neencwadi zakhe phakathi komnyaka.
- Kuphumelela osebenzileko.
(Ipendulo EYODWA kezingehla) (2)
[10]

UMBUZO 5

- 5.1 Sikhathi sesenzo esadlulako. (1)
- 5.2 Sisendleleni yamandla. (1)
- 5.3 SABC. (1)
- 5.4 Sisenzamuntu/Lirhwala. (1)
- 5.5 Tjhaphulukani bantu bekhethu ngombana/ ngoba uMandela usebujameni obunzinzileko. (1)
- 5.6 Abanye balindela eduze nomzakhe eHoughton. (1)
- 5.7 **Ukubangwa neenzibi.**
Bangibethela umtato bathi ugogo uyagula, ngathi nangifikako ngamthola abangwa neenzibi.

(Nanyana ngiwuphi umutjho okhombisa ilwazi lehlathululo yesitjhweni uzakuthathwa) (2)
- 5.8 Isenzo + ibizo
-bika + iindaba
(Tlomelisa iinkhekhe kwaphela) (2)
[10]

IMITLOMELO YESIGABA C: 30
INANI LOKE: 70

