



# basic education

Department:  
Basic Education  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

## **NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE**

**GRADE 12**

**MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P2**

**FEBRUARY/MARCH 2016**

**MEMORANDUM**

**MARKS: 150**

| <b>Symbol</b> | <b>Explanation</b>                                       |
|---------------|--|
| M             | Method   |
| MA            | Method with accuracy                                     |
| CA            | Consistent accuracy                                      |
| A             | Accuracy   |
| C             | Conversion   |
| S             | Simplification   |
| RT/RG/RD      | Reading from a table/graph/diagram                       |
| SF            | Correct substitution in a formula                        |
| O             | Opinion/reason/deduction                                 |
| P             | Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off, etc. |
| R             | Rounding off   |
| NP            | No penalty for rounding                                  |

**This memorandum consists of 14 pages.**

| QUESTION 1 [34 MARKS] |  |  |         |
|-----------------------|--|--|---------|
| Ques                  | Solution   | Explanation  | Level   |
| 1.1.1                 | SUBTOTAL $\checkmark A$ $\checkmark A$<br>$= R2\ 893,86 + R394,74 + R180 + R2\ 719,30 + R30,70$<br>$= R6\ 218,60 \checkmark CA$<br>Calculating VAT<br>$= R6\ 218,60 \times 14\% \quad \text{OR} \quad A = R6\ 218,60 \times 1,14 \checkmark M$<br>$= R870,60 \checkmark M \quad \quad \quad = R7\ 089,20 \checkmark CA$<br><br>$A = R6\ 218,60 + R870,60$<br>$= R7\ 089,20 \checkmark CA$                        | 1A cost of gas<br>1A cost of gas piping<br>1M adding<br><br>1M calculating VAT<br><br>1CA simplification<br>(5)      | F<br>L2 |
| 1.1.2                 | OPTION 2<br>Total cost = $R3\ 499,00 + R499,00 + R189,00 + R235,00$<br>$+ (4 \times R3,50) + (R\ 23,50 \times 2) + (R\ 350,00 \times 3) + R349,00 \checkmark \checkmark M$<br>$= R5\ 882,00 \checkmark CA$<br><br>Difference in price = $R7\ 089,20 - R5\ 882,00$<br>$= R1\ 207,20 \checkmark CA$<br><br>Mr Chan's estimation is NOT valid. $\checkmark O$   | 2M for adding all correct values<br><br>1CA simplification<br><br>1CA for the difference<br><br>1O conclusion<br>(5) | F<br>L4 |
| 1.1.3                 | The brand of the gas stove. $\checkmark \checkmark O$<br><br><b>OR</b><br>No time to shop around. $\checkmark \checkmark O$<br><br><b>OR</b><br>The company will install the stove. $\checkmark \checkmark O$<br><br><b>OR</b><br>Reputable dealer $\checkmark \checkmark O$<br><br><b>OR</b><br>After sales service $\checkmark \checkmark O$<br><br><b>OR</b><br>Any suitable answer $\checkmark \checkmark O$ | 2O (any suitable answer)<br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br>(2)  | F<br>L4 |

| Ques  | Solution  | Explanation  | Level   |
|-------|---|--|---------|
| 1.2.1 | Length = 5 bottles<br>Width = 2 bottles<br>Height = 2 bottles $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Length} = 5 \text{ bottles} \\ \text{Width} = 2 \text{ bottles} \\ \text{Height} = 2 \text{ bottles} \end{array} \right\} \checkmark\text{M}$ Number of bottles in cage = $5 \times 2 \times 2 = 20$ bottles $\checkmark\text{CA}$   | 1M for number of bottles per dimension<br><br>1CA total number of bottles<br><br>(2)   | M<br>L2 |
| 1.2.2 | Length of shelf = $10 \text{ mm} \times 6 + 314 \text{ mm} \times 5$<br>= $60 \text{ mm} + 1\,570 \text{ mm}$ $\checkmark\text{M}$<br>= $1\,630 \text{ mm}$ $\checkmark\text{CA}$<br><br>Width of shelf = $10 \text{ mm} \times 3 + 314 \text{ mm} \times 2$<br>= $30 \text{ mm} + 628 \text{ mm}$ $\checkmark\text{M}$<br>= $658 \text{ mm}$ $\checkmark\text{CA}$<br><br>Length of sheet of metal = $3,4 \text{ m} = 3\,400 \text{ mm}$ $\checkmark\text{C}$<br><br>Width of sheet of metal = $2,1 \text{ m} = 2\,100 \text{ mm}$<br><br>Lengthwise by lengthwise = 2 shelf lengths $\checkmark\text{CA}$<br><br>Width wise by width wise = 3 shelf widths $\checkmark\text{CA}$<br><br>Total number of shelves = $2 \times 3$<br>= 6 shelves $\checkmark\text{CA}$ | 1M adding correct lengths<br>1CA total length<br><br>1M adding correct widths<br>1CA total width<br><br>1C conversion to mm<br><br>1CA number of lengths<br><br>1CA number of widths<br><br>1CA number of shelves<br><br>(8) | M<br>L3 |

| Ques  | Solution  | Explanation   | Level   |
|-------|---|---|---------|
| 1.3.1 | Tax rebate reduces the tax payable ✓✓O<br><br>Medical aid credit reduces the amount of tax to be paid. ✓✓O  | 2O reason<br><br>2O reason<br><br>(4)   | F<br>L4 |
| 1.3.2 | Taxable income = R742 000<br><b>Tax in 2015/2016</b><br>$\begin{aligned} \text{Tax payable} &= \overset{\checkmark\text{RT}}{R208\ 587} + 41\% \text{ of } (\overset{\checkmark\text{MA}}{R742\ 000} - R701\ 300) - \\ &\quad R13\ 257 - 12 \times (2 \times R270 + 3 \times R181) \quad \checkmark\text{MA} \\ &= R208\ 587 + 41\% \text{ of } (R40\ 700) - R13\ 257 - 12 \times (R540 + R543) \\ &= R208\ 587 + R16\ 687 - R13\ 257 - R12\ 996 \quad \checkmark\text{CA} \\ &= R199\ 021 \quad \checkmark\text{CA} \end{aligned}$ <b>Tax in 2014/2015</b><br>$\begin{aligned} \text{TI} &= R195\ 212 + 40\% \text{ of } (R742\ 000 - R673\ 100) - R12\ 726 - 12 \\ &\quad \times (2 \times R257 + 3 \times R172) \\ &= R195\ 212 + 40\% \text{ of } (R68\ 900) - R12\ 726 - 12 \times (R514 + R516) \\ &= R195\ 212 + R27\ 560 - R12\ 726 - R12\ 360 \quad \checkmark\text{CA} \\ &= R197\ 686 \quad \checkmark\text{CA} \end{aligned}$ $\checkmark\text{O}$ The statement is NOT valid, the increase is R1 335,00. | 1RT tax bracket<br>1MA correct values<br>1MA correct values subtracted<br><br>1CA simplification<br><br>1CA total<br><br>1CA simplification<br>1CA total<br><br>1O deduction<br><br>(8) | F<br>L4 |
|       |   | (8)   |         |
|       |   | <b>[34]</b>   |         |

| <b>QUESTION 2 [28 MARKS]</b> |  |   |              |
|------------------------------|--|---|--------------|
| <b>Ques</b>                  | <b>Solution</b>  | <b>Explanation</b>  | <b>Level</b> |
| 2.1.1(a)                     | <p>July salary for a worker on Wage Rate A</p> $= R11\ 000 \times 7\% + R11\ 000 \quad \checkmark M$ $= R770 + R11\ 000 \quad \checkmark CA$ $= R11\ 770 \quad \checkmark CA$ <p>Daily earnings = <math>R11\ 770 \times 12 \div 365 \quad \checkmark M</math></p> $= R\ 386,9589041 \quad \checkmark CA$ <p>Earnings lost after 28 days = <math>R386,9589041 \times 28</math></p> $= R10\ 834,85 \quad \checkmark CA$  | <p>1M Calculating the 7% increase<br/>1CA calculating salary after increase<br/>1CA simplification</p> <p>1M calculating daily rate</p> <p>1CA multiplying by 28</p> <p>1CA calculating loss of earnings</p> <p>(6)</p> | F<br>L3      |
| 2.1.1(b)                     | <p style="text-align: right;"><math>\checkmark\checkmark O</math></p> <p>Workers bills will not be paid./Unpaid bills accumulate interest adding to debt</p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><math>\checkmark\checkmark O</math></p> <p>Take a long time to make up the money lost due to a strike.</p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p>Workers can become unemployed if the company closes its doors due to a prolonged strike. <math>\checkmark\checkmark O</math></p> <p><b>OR</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><math>\checkmark\checkmark O</math></p> <p>Workers can be retrenched due to loss of business.</p> | <p>2O for any correct reason</p> <p>(2)</p>   | F<br>L4      |

| Ques  | Solution  | Explanation   | Level                         |
|-------|---|---|-------------------------------|
| 2.1.2 | <p>Pay at the end of July if not on strike</p> $= R6\ 000 + R6\ 000 \times 8\% \quad \checkmark \text{ MA}$ $= R6\ 000 + R480$ $= R6\ 480,00 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$ <p>Lost income due to 28 day strike</p> $= R6\ 480 \times 12 \div 365 \times 28$ $= R213,04 \times 28$ $= R5\ 965,15 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$ <p>Gain in increase after strike</p> $= R6\ 000 \times 2\%$ $= R120 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$ <p>Salary gained from end July 2014 till end of June 2014</p> $= 120 \times 11$ $= R1\ 320,00 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$ <p>No, he will not be able to cover the loss. <math>\checkmark \text{ O}</math></p> | <p>1M calculating salary increase if not on strike</p> <p>1CA calculating new salary</p> <p>1CA calculating loss in income for 28 days of striking</p> <p>1CA calculating diff in increase if on strike</p> <p>1CA calculating gained salary</p> <p>1O Conclusion</p> | <p>F</p> <p>L4</p> <p>(6)</p> |

| Ques  | Solution  | Explanation   | Level    |
|-------|---|---|----------|
| 2.2.1 | No change in employment. ✓✓O<br><b>OR</b><br>Employment numbers remain the same. ✓✓O  | 2O interpretation<br><br>(2)  | D<br>L4  |
| 2.2.2 | The year 2009 ✓✓A<br>Number of jobs lost<br>= 153 000 + 259 000 + 527 000 – 143 000 ✓✓RT<br>= 796 000 ✓CA   | 1A reading correct year.<br>2RT reading correct values from table<br>1CA simplification<br>(5)                                  | DH<br>L3 |
| 2.2.3 | The year 2011 ✓RT<br>All four quarters were positive improvement was experienced<br><b>2011:</b><br>$= \frac{5+18+197+218}{4} \quad \checkmark \text{ MA}$ $= 109,5 \text{ thousand} \quad \checkmark \text{ M}$ $= 109\,500 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$ | 1RT stating the correct years 2011 and 2013<br><br>1MA adding all scores<br>1M dividing by 4<br>1CA calculating the mean<br>(4) | DH<br>L3 |
| 2.2.4 | Number of people<br>$= 15\,000\,000 - (141\,000 + 344\,000 + 133\,000) \quad \checkmark \text{ M} \quad \checkmark \text{ A}$ $= 15\,000\,000 - 618\,000$ $= 14\,382\,000 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$  | 1 A reading correct values<br>1M subtracting<br>1CA simplification<br>(3)   | DH<br>L3 |
|       |   | [28]  |          |





| Ques  | Solution  | Explanation   | Level         |
|-------|---|---|---------------|
| 3.2   | $\text{Distance in km} = \frac{5222,086}{0,6215} \text{ km} = 8\,402 \text{ km} \quad \checkmark \text{ C}$ $\text{Time taken} = 24 \text{ h} - 17\text{h}14\text{min} + 4\text{h } 11\text{min} \quad \checkmark \text{ A}$ $\text{Time} = 10,95\text{hrs} \quad \checkmark \text{ C}$ $\text{Speed} = \frac{8402}{10,95} \text{ km/h} = 767,31 \text{ km/h} \quad \checkmark \text{ M} \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$ $\text{Speed in knots} = \frac{767,31}{1,852} = 414,31 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$ | 1C to km<br><br>1A correct time<br><br>1C converting to hr<br><br>1M substitution<br>1CA speed<br><br>1CA speed in knots<br><br>(6)             | M<br>L3       |
| 3.3.1 | $A = \$175\,000 \div 250 \quad \checkmark \text{ M} \quad \text{OR} \quad A = \frac{\$79\,500 - 27\,000}{75} \quad \checkmark \text{ M}$ $= 700 \text{ belts} \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$ $B = \$27\,000 + \$75 \times 800 \quad \checkmark \text{ M}$ $= \$87\,000 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$ $C = \$250 \times 400$ $= \$100\,000 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$   | 1M dividing by 250<br>1CA simplification<br><br>1M adding US\$27 000 and multiplying by US\$75<br>1CA simplification<br><br>1A value<br><br>(5) | F<br>L2<br>L3 |
| 3.3.2 | $\text{Income} = \$250 \times 800 + \$175 \times 1\,000 \quad \checkmark \text{ A} \quad \checkmark \text{ A}$ $= \$375\,000 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$   | 1A income from belts<br>1A income from T-shirts<br>1CA simplification<br><br>(3)  | F<br>L2       |



| QUESTION 4 [29 MARKS] |   |   |                |
|-----------------------|---|---|----------------|
| Ques                  | Solution  | Explanation   |                |
| 4.1.1                 | $46\% \text{ of } 538\,421 = 247\,674 \quad \checkmark \text{RT} \quad \checkmark \text{A}$ <p>The closest is Gauteng with 246 989. <math>\checkmark \text{A}</math></p> <p><b>OR</b></p> $\text{Gauteng} = \frac{246\,989}{538\,421} \times 100\% = 45,87\% \quad \checkmark \text{RT} \quad \checkmark \text{A}$ <p>Gauteng. <math>\checkmark \text{A}</math></p>                         | <p>1RT reading data from table<br/>1A calc. percentage<br/>1A province</p> <p>1RT reading data from table<br/>1A calc. percentage<br/>1A province</p> <p>(3)</p>                  | DH<br>L2       |
| 4.1.2                 | $P(\text{teacher from EC}) = \frac{61\,260}{390\,608} \quad \checkmark \text{A} \quad \checkmark \text{M}$ $= 0,1568..$ $\approx 0,16 \text{ OR } 15,68\%$  | <p>1A number of teachers<br/>1M probability</p> <p>(2)</p>  | P<br>L3        |
| 4.1.3                 | $\text{Total number of learners} = 9 \times 1\,346\,335 \quad \checkmark \text{M}$ $= 12\,117\,015 \quad \checkmark \text{CA}$ $A = 12\,117\,015 - (1\,889\,307 + 656\,408 + 1\,944\,486 + 2\,831\,311 + 1\,034\,151 + 284\,908 + 784\,184 + 1\,026\,744) \quad \checkmark \text{A}$ $A = 12\,117\,015 - 10\,451\,499 \quad \checkmark \text{M}$ $= 1\,665\,516 \quad \checkmark \text{CA}$ | <p>1M multiplying<br/>1CA simplification<br/>1A adding all correct values<br/>1M subtracting correct values<br/>1CA the value of A</p> <p>(5)</p>                                 | DH<br>L2<br>L3 |
| 4.1.4                 | <p>Public School's teacher-pupil ratio</p> $390\,608 : 12\,117\,015 \quad \checkmark \text{M}$ $1 : 31,0209 \quad \checkmark \text{CA}$ <p>Independent Schools</p> $34\,482 : 538\,421 \quad \checkmark \text{M}$ $1 : 15,6145 \quad \checkmark \text{CA}$ <p>The educator's statement is valid. <math>\checkmark \text{O}</math></p>   | <p>1M correct values used<br/>1M concept of ratio<br/>1CA simplified ratio</p> <p>1M correct values and ratio<br/>1CA simplified ratio</p> <p>1O correct deduction</p> <p>(6)</p> | DH<br>L4       |

| Ques  | Solution   | Explanation   | Level    |
|-------|--|---|----------|
| 4.1.5 | Learners' population increase every year. ✓✓ O<br><br><b>OR</b><br><br>Learners transfer out of special schools to ordinary schools ✓✓ O   | 2O reason<br><br>2O Reason<br><br>(2)   | DH<br>L4 |
| 4.2.1 | $R530 \times 672 \overset{\check{M}}{290} \times 12 = R\ 4\ 275\ 764\ 400,00.$ ✓✓ A  | 1M multiplying<br>2A solution<br><br>(3)  | DH<br>L2 |
| 4.2.2 | KZN <sup>✓A</sup> with highest:<br><br>2014/2015:<br><br>$\frac{2\ 901\ 697 - 2\ 866\ 570}{2\ 866\ 570} \times 100\%$<br>$= 1,2254\dots\%$<br>$\approx 1,23\%$ ✓M/A<br>✓CA   | 1A correct province<br><br>1M/A calculation<br><br>1CA percentage<br><br>(3)  | DH<br>L3 |
| 4.3   | Length of table = 1,75 m<br>Half the length of the table = $1,75\ m \div 2 = 0,875\ m$ ✓ A<br><br><b>If scale 1 : 8 is used</b><br><br>Length of model = $7,5\ m \div 8 \times 1$ ✓ M<br>$= 0,9375\ m$ ✓CA<br><br>0,9375 m will not fit on the actual table.<br><br>Therefor the scale of 1 : 8 will NOT be suitable. ✓✓ O | 1A calculating half<br>the table size<br><br>1M using the scale<br><br>1CA calculating<br>modal length<br><br>2O deduction<br><br>(5) | MP<br>L4 |
|       |  |   | [29]     |

| <b>QUESTION 5 [22 MARKS]</b> |  |   |         |
|------------------------------|--|---|---------|
| <b>Ques</b>                  | <b>Solution</b>  | <b>Explanation</b>  |         |
| 5.1.1                        | <p>Volume of a cylinder = <math>\pi \times (\text{radius})^2 \times \text{height}</math></p> <p><math>60\text{m}^3 = 3,142 \times (\text{radius})^2 \times 7,35\text{ m} \quad \checkmark \text{ SF}</math></p> <p><math>(\text{radius})^2 = \frac{60\text{m}^3}{3,142 \times 7,35\text{ m}} \quad \checkmark \text{ M}</math></p> <p><math>= 2,598111173\text{ m}^2</math></p> <p><math>\text{radius} = \sqrt{2,598111173} \quad \checkmark \text{ M}</math></p> <p><math>= 1,611865743\text{ m} \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}</math></p> <p>diameter = <math>1,611865743\text{ m} \times 2</math></p> <p><math>= 3,223731486\text{ m} \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}</math></p>   | <p>1S substituting</p> <p>1M changing the subject</p> <p>1M square root</p> <p>1CA radius</p> <p>1CA diameter</p> <p>(5)</p>  | M<br>L3 |
| 5.1.2                        | <p>Total capacity = <math>4 \times 60\text{ m}^3 \quad \checkmark \text{ M}</math></p> <p><math>= 240\text{ m}^3 \quad \checkmark \text{ C}</math></p> <p><math>= 240\,000\text{ l}</math></p> <p>Capacity in gallon = <math>\frac{240\,000}{3,7} \quad \checkmark \text{ M}</math></p> <p><math>\approx 64\,864,86 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}</math></p>   | <p>1M multiplying</p> <p>1C convert to l</p> <p>1M dividing</p> <p>1CA gallons</p> <p>(4)</p>   | M<br>L2 |
| 5.1.3                        | <p>Volume of fertiliser in silos = <math>(15\% \times 60\text{m}^3) + \left(\frac{1}{4} \times 60\text{m}^3\right) \quad \checkmark \text{ M}</math></p> <p><math>= 9\text{ m}^3 + 15\text{ m}^3</math></p> <p><math>= 24\text{ m}^3 \quad \checkmark \text{ A}</math></p> <p>Fertiliser needed for wheat field <math>\quad \checkmark \text{ M}</math></p> <p><math>= 1\,055\text{ acres} \times 22,65\text{ kg}</math></p> <p><math>= 23\,895,75\text{ kg}</math></p> <p><math>= \frac{23\,895,75}{1,3}\text{ litre}</math></p> <p><math>= 18\,381,35\text{ litre} \quad \checkmark \text{ C}</math></p> <p>Volume of fertiliser needed = <math>18\,381,35 \div 1\,000</math></p> <p><math>= 18,38\dots\text{ m}^3</math></p> <p><math>\approx 18,4\text{ m}^3 \quad \checkmark \text{ C}</math></p> <p>She will have enough fertiliser for the wheat field. <math>\quad \checkmark \text{ O}</math></p> | <p>1M % and <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> of 60</p> <p>1A volume of silos</p> <p>1M multiply by 22,65</p> <p>1C convert to l</p> <p>1C conversion</p> <p>1O deduction</p> <p>(6)</p> | M<br>L4 |

| Ques | Solution  | Explanation   |               |
|------|---|---|---------------|
| 5.2  | June, July, Aug.<br>$\text{Mean (2012)} = \frac{93,8 + 282,2 + 52,2}{3} \quad \checkmark \text{ M}$ $= 142,73 \text{ mm} \quad \checkmark \text{ A}$<br>$\text{Mean (2013)} = \frac{244,2 + 56,2 + 19,0}{3}$ $= 106,47 \text{ mm} \quad \checkmark \text{ A}$<br>$\text{Mean (2014)} = \frac{316,4 + 32,6 + 14,8}{3}$ $= 121,27 \text{ mm} \quad \checkmark \text{ A}$<br>$\text{Mean (2015)} = \frac{68,0 + 16,4 + 215,2}{3} \quad \checkmark \text{ A}$ $= 99,8667 \text{ mm}$<br>The probability will be 75%. $\checkmark \checkmark \text{ CA}$ | 1M concept of mean<br>1A mean 2011<br><br>1A mean 2012<br><br>1A mean 2013<br><br>1A mean 2014<br><br>2CA probability in %<br>(7) | P<br>L2<br>L4 |
|      |   | [22]  |               |
|      |   | <b>TOTAL: 150</b>   |               |